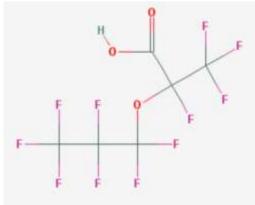




Emerging Compounds Update
GenX – Chemours
Air Quality Committee
July 2018
Division of Air Quality

Department of Environmental Quality

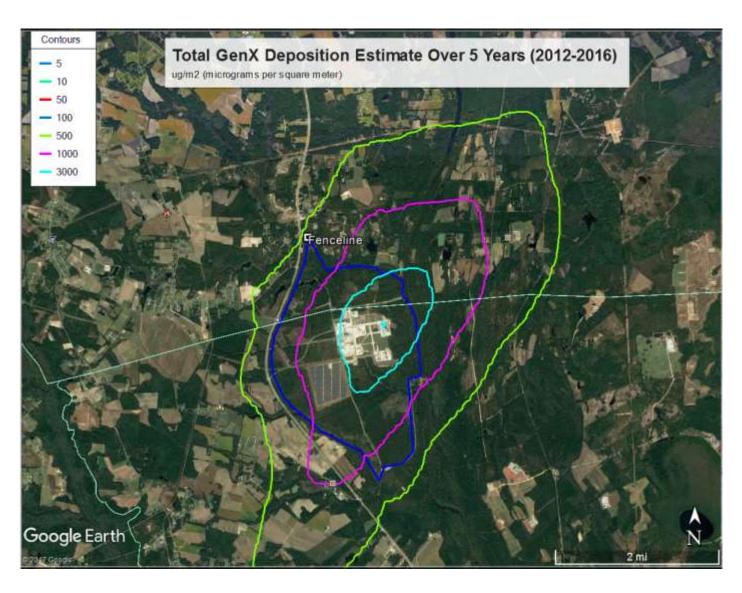




What is GenX?

- C3 Dimer Acid, C₆HF₁₁O₃
- GenX is a trade name for a man-made and unregulated chemical used in manufacturing nonstick coatings and for other purposes.
- Chemours' facility (formerly DuPont) near Fayetteville began <u>producing</u> GenX commercially in 2009 as a replacement for Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA).
- The same chemical is also produced as an <u>intermediary</u> during other manufacturing processes at Chemours and it may have been present in the environment for many years before being produced commercially as GenX.





Air Emissions Testing or "Stack Testing"

Target compound – C₃ Dimer Acid (GenX)

Week of:

- January 8 PPA & Vinyl Ethers (VE) North
- January 22 PPA & VE North
- February 26 PPA & VE South
- March 19 VE North, Polymers, Semiworks
- April 3 VE South & VE North for HFPO
- April 23 VE North HFPO
- May 14 Polymers for E1
- June 11 PPA & VE North Carbon bed

Future testing:

- July 16 PPA scrubber efficiency
 - VE North carbon bed & Scrubber
- July 23 PPA scrubber &
 - carbon bed efficiency



DAQ's investigation involving GenX and other PFAS from Chemours

- GenX emissions data
 - Started with only estimates
 - Required stack tests
 - Method development
 - First of its kind measurements

Chemours 2016 emissions estimates as originally reported to DAQ	Chemours revised 2016 emissions estimates as of October 2017	Latest calculations, including January through April 2018 stack test measurements
66.6 lb/yr	594 lb/yr	2758 lb/yr



Angry, frustrated crowd of 350 demands GenX answers



Public outcry at GenX info session: 'Enough is enough'

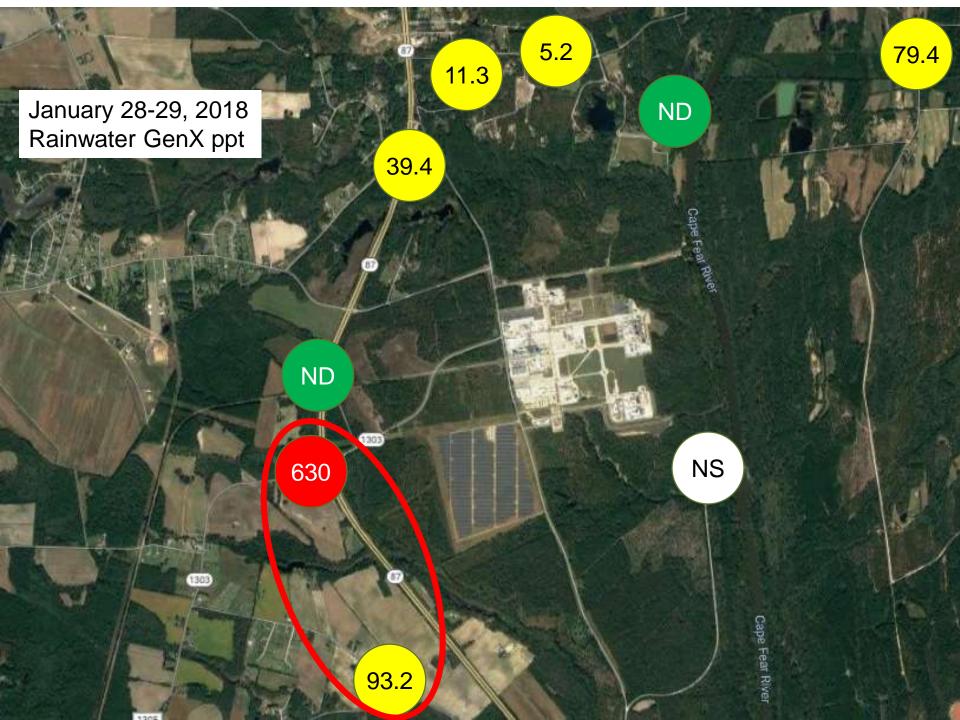


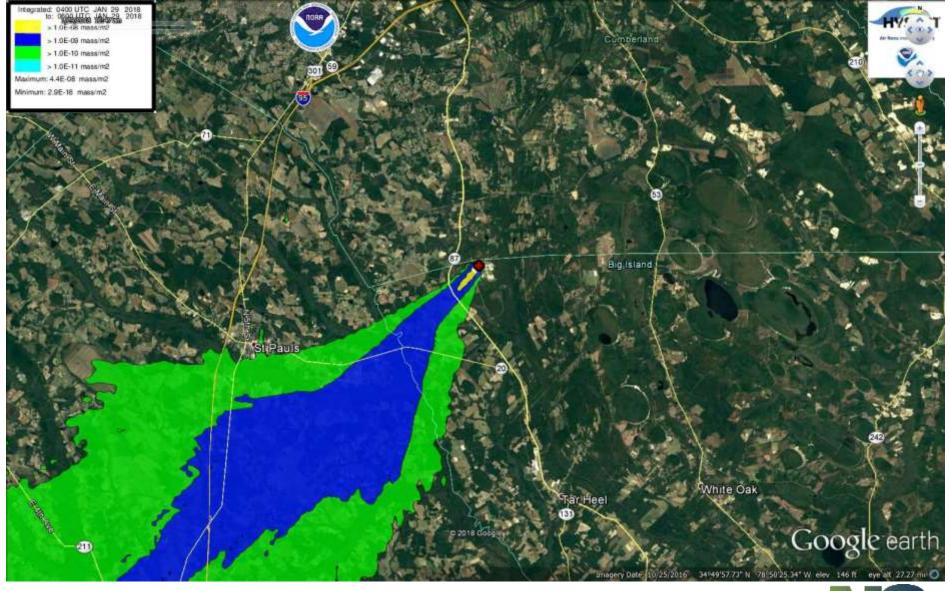
Atmospheric Deposition

Needed information immediately

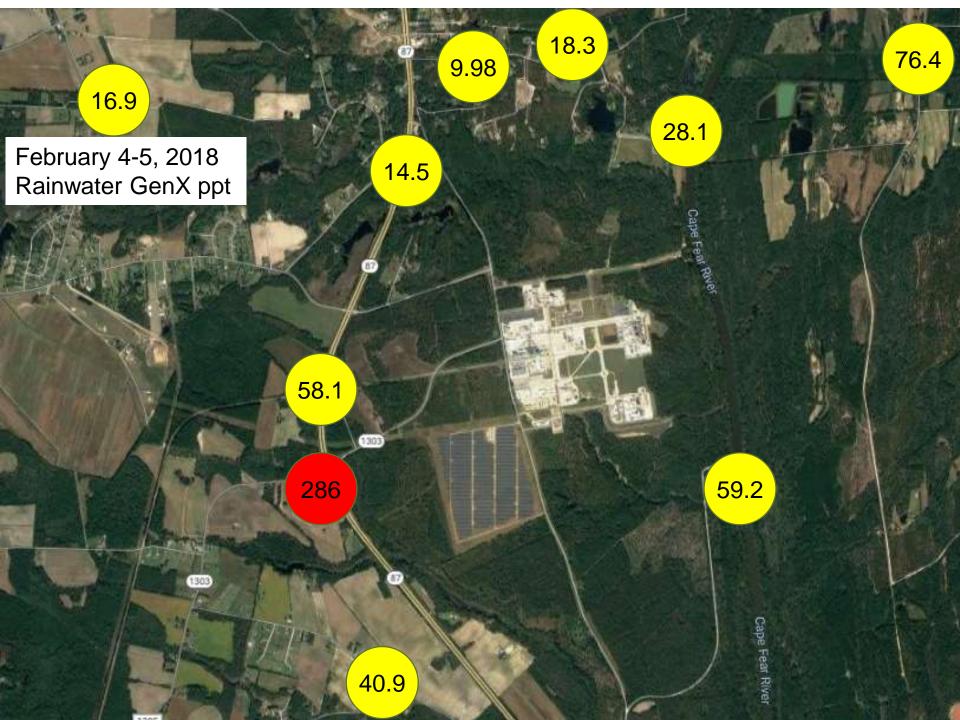
- Purchased temporary rain collection equipment.
- Used lab protocols to prepare equipment.
- Split the samples... sent to EPA for full PFAS analysis.

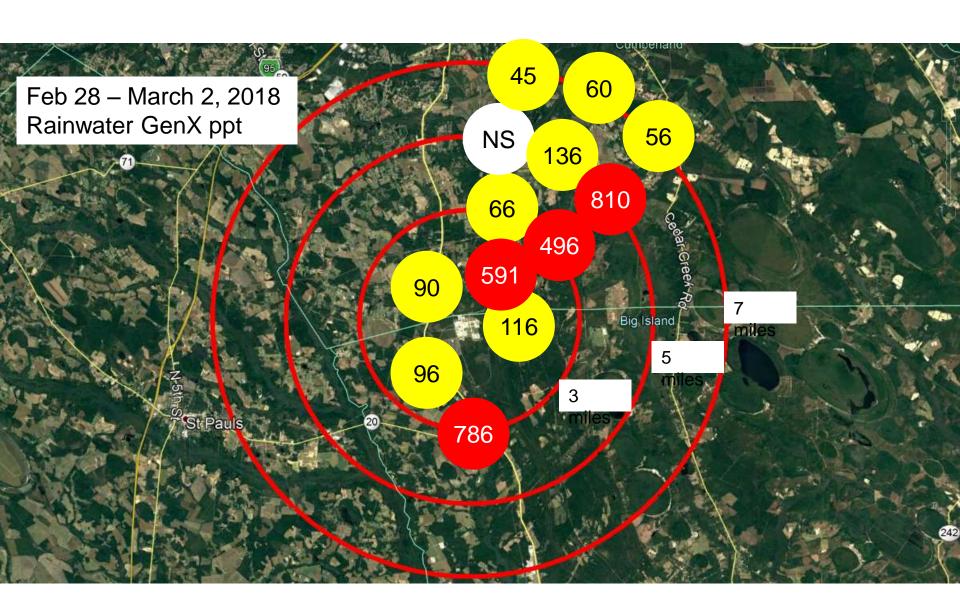


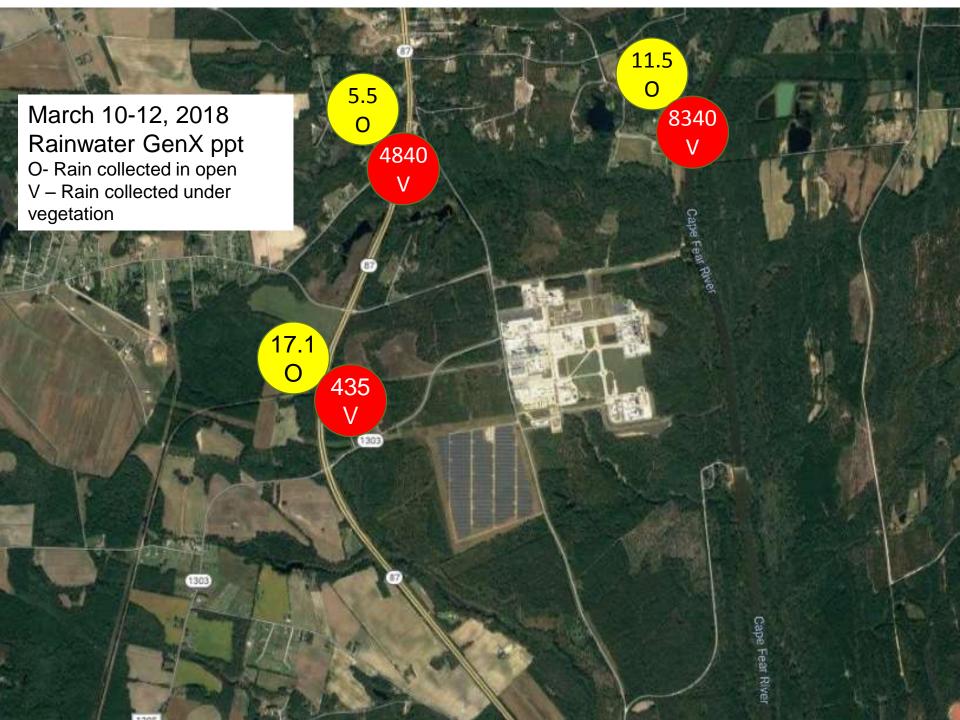


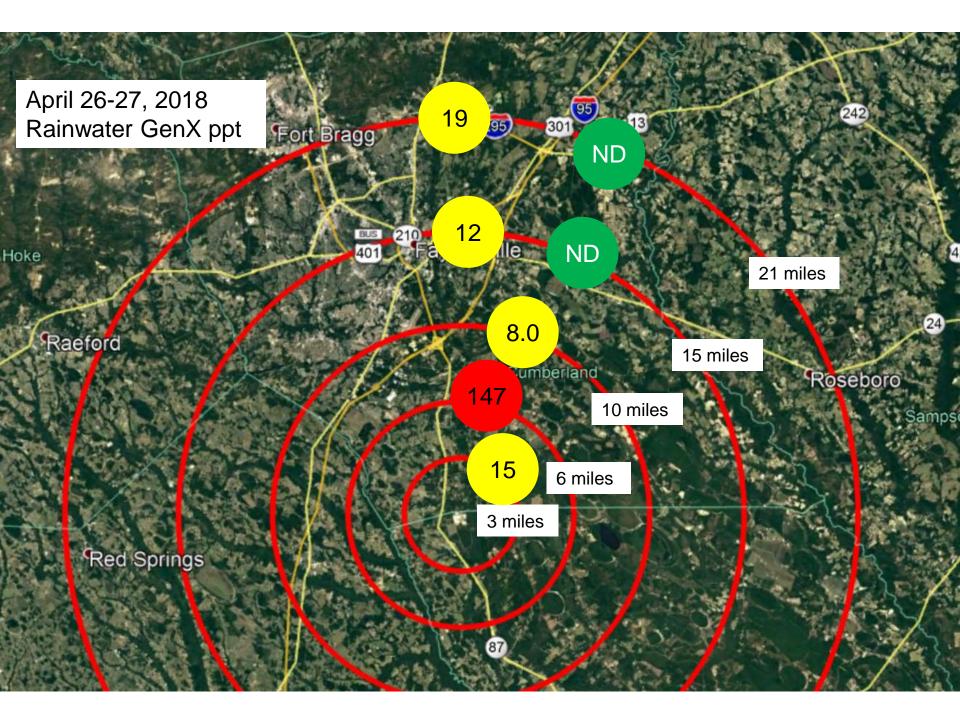












DAQ's investigation involving GenX and other PFAS from Chemours

- GenX
- Wet deposition data first of its kind
- 7 separate rainfall catch and analysis
 - Near facility
 - Distance of 3, 5, 7 miles
 - Distance up to 20 miles
 - Rainfall and vegetation throughfall



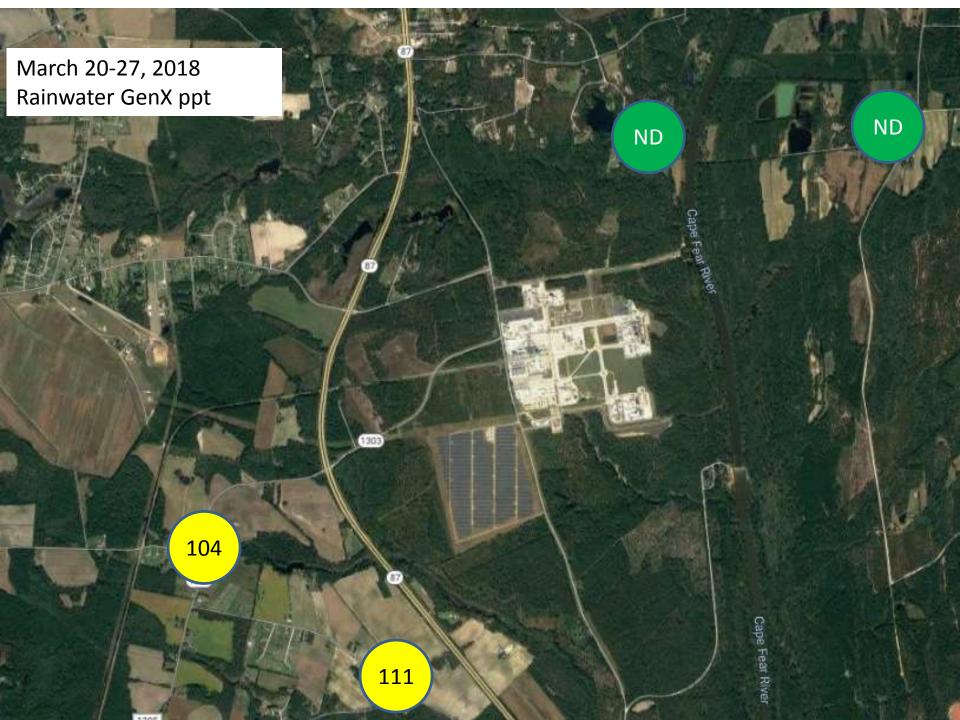
DAQ's investigation involving GenX and other PFAS from Chemours

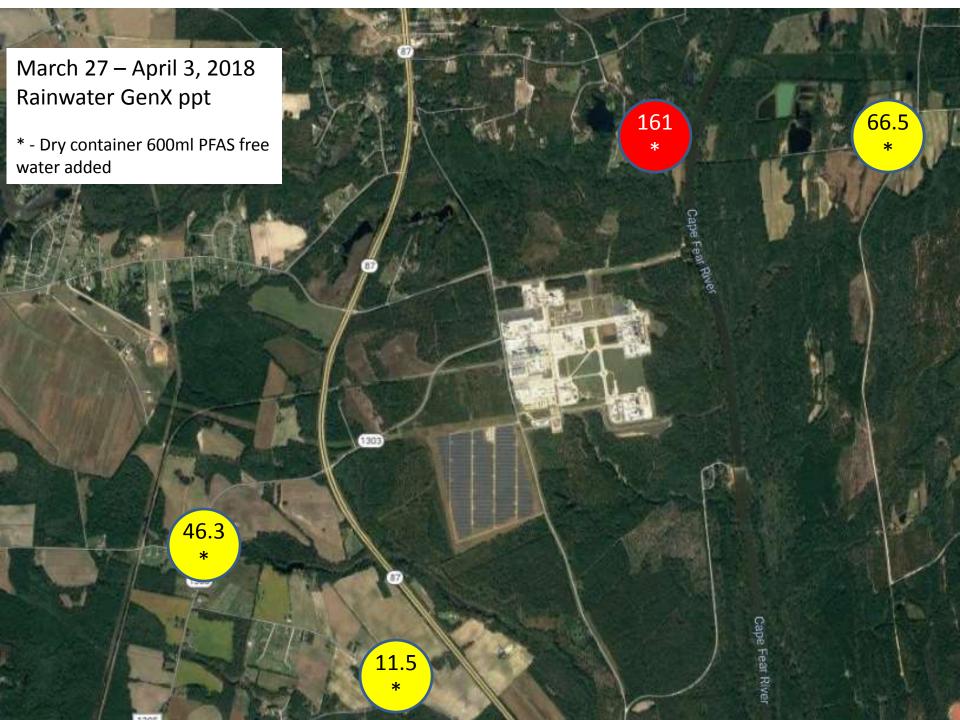
Ambient Air Quality Monitoring

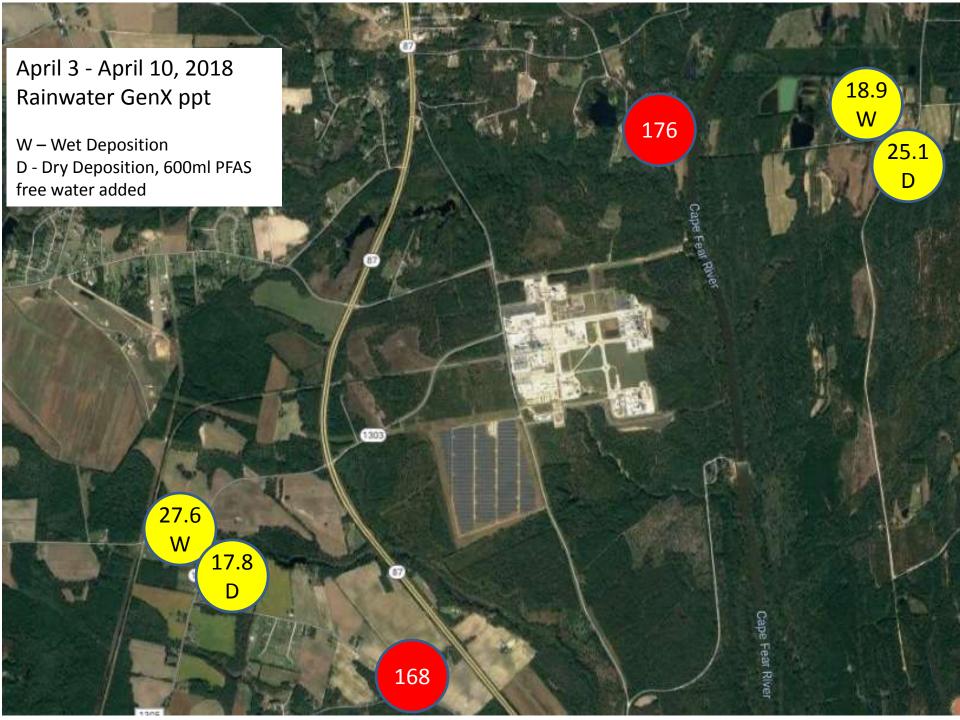
- Network of wet deposition monitors deployed.
- Goal: Capture and analyze rainwater for genX / PFAS deposition
- Nearfield Monitor for reductions as facility controls are implemented
- Background Quantify "background" amounts of PFAS in rainwater.
 - Source-oriented sites near Chemours
 - 2 northeast of facility
 - 2 southwest of facility
 - 1 west of the facility
 - Background sites
 - Asheville
 - Raleigh
 - Candor
 - Wilmington

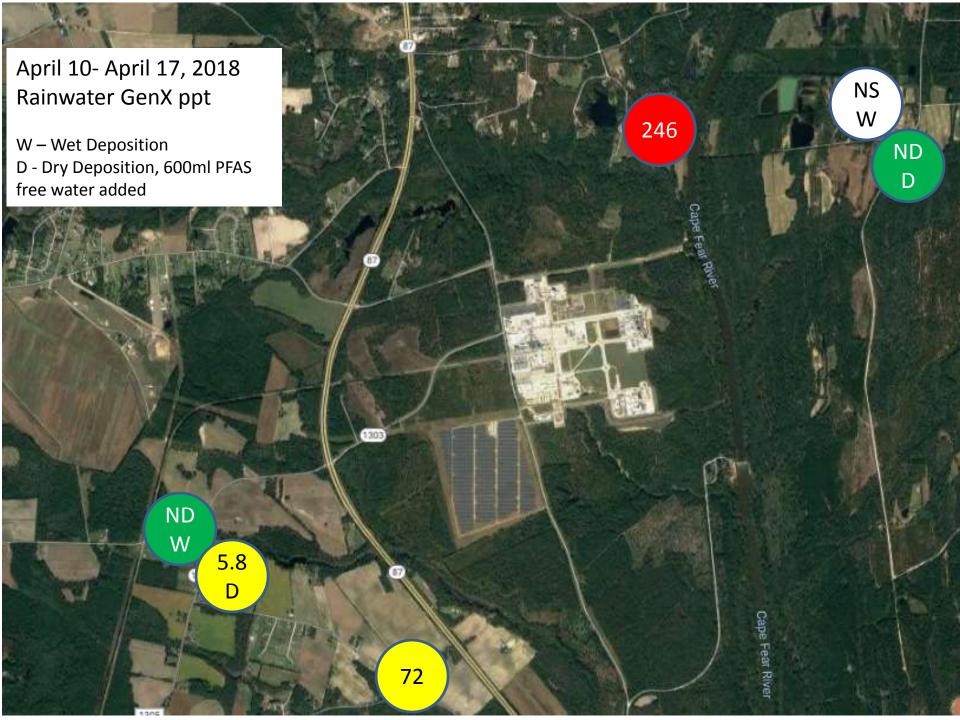


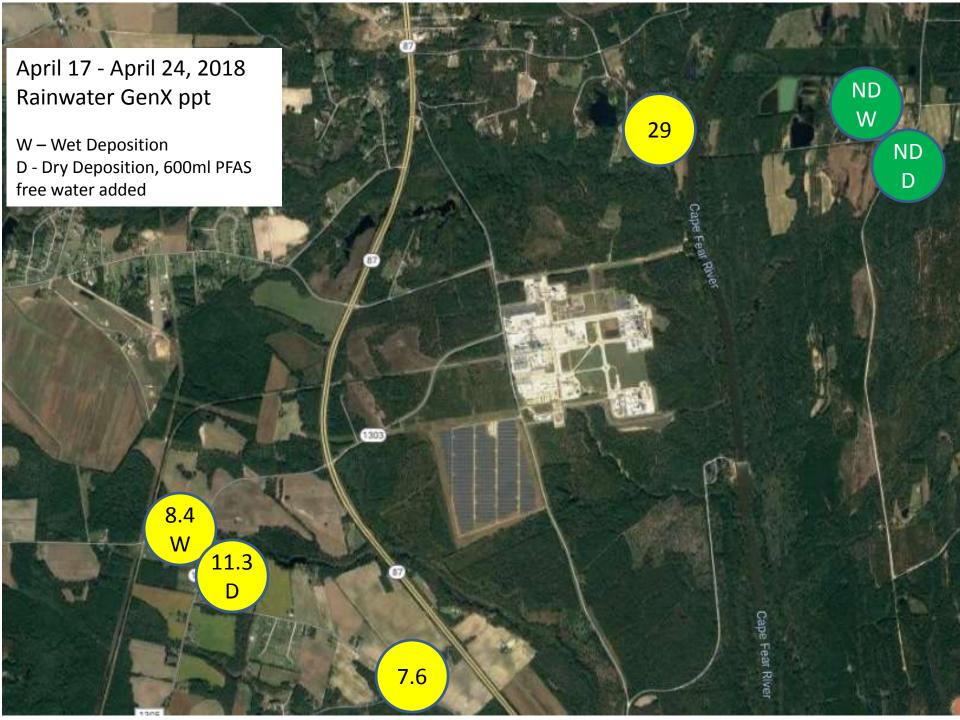


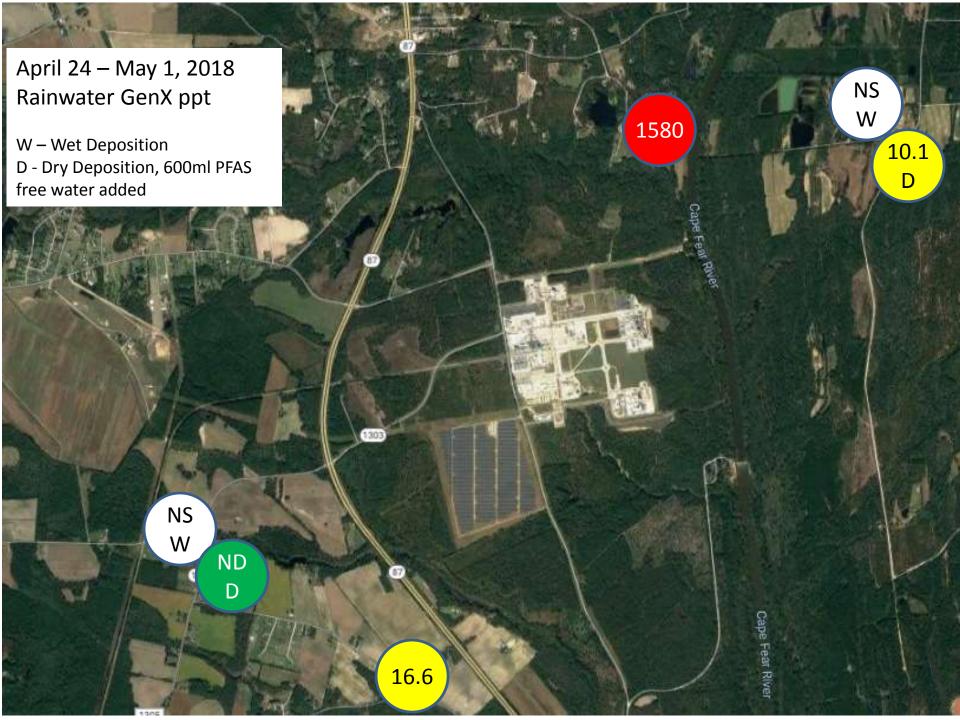


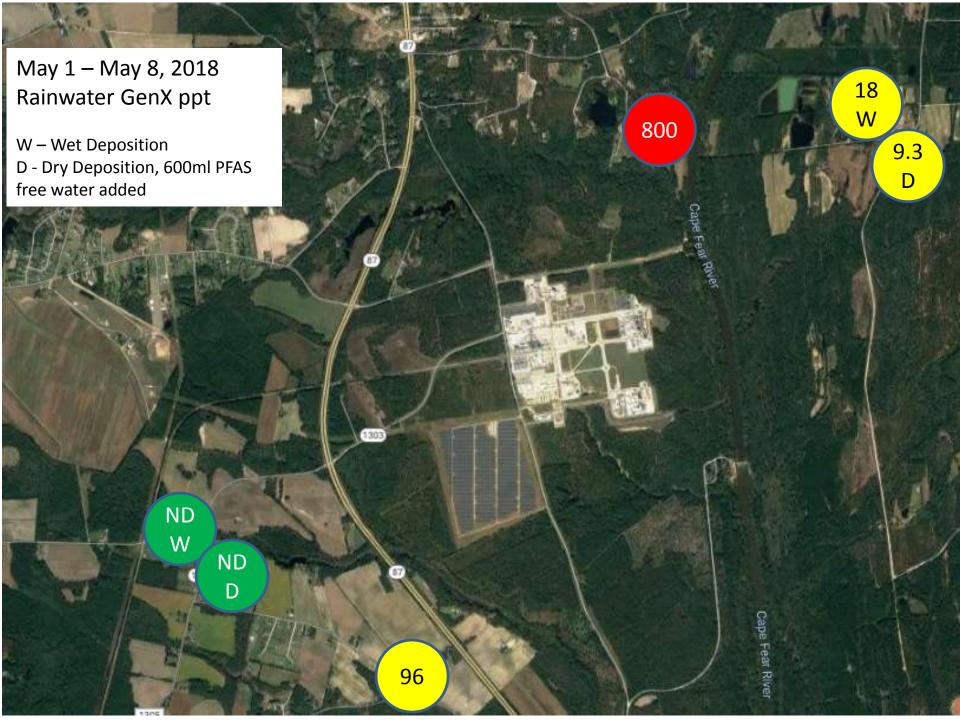


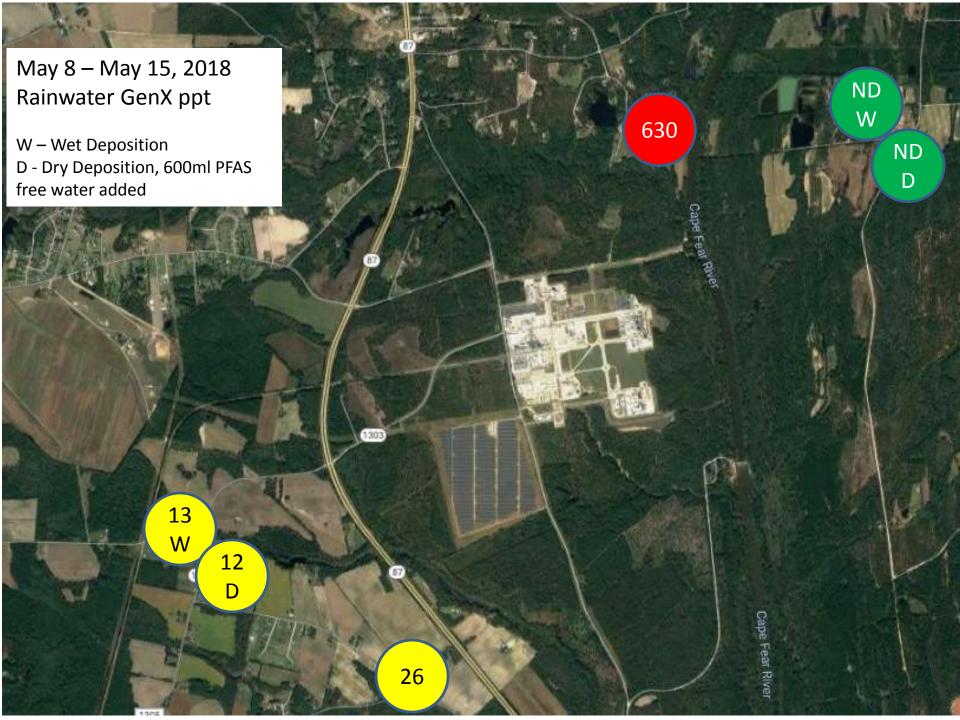


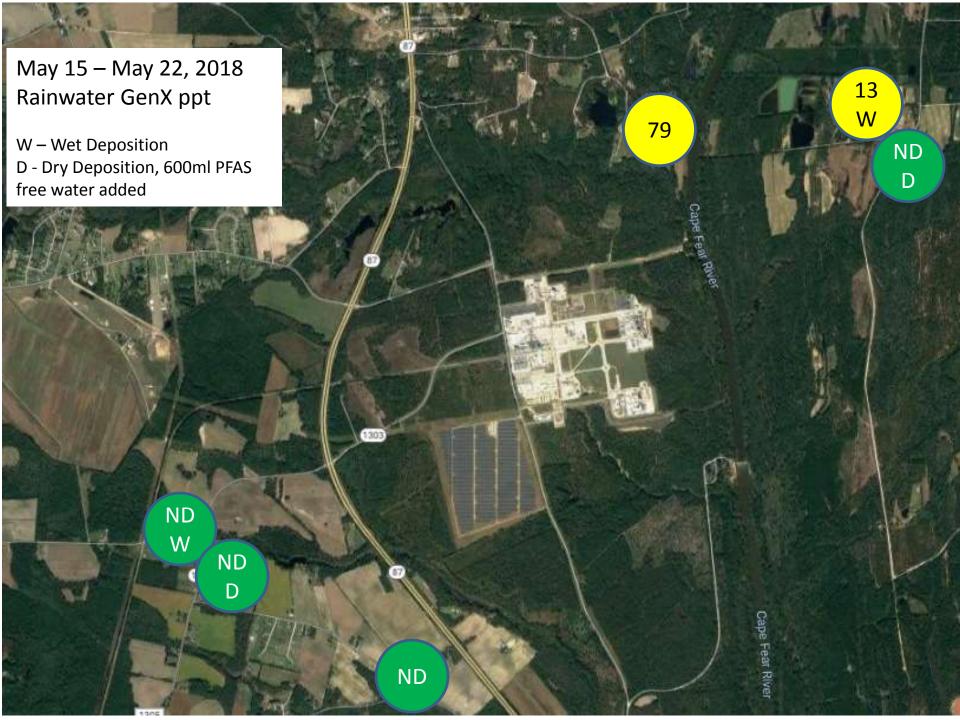


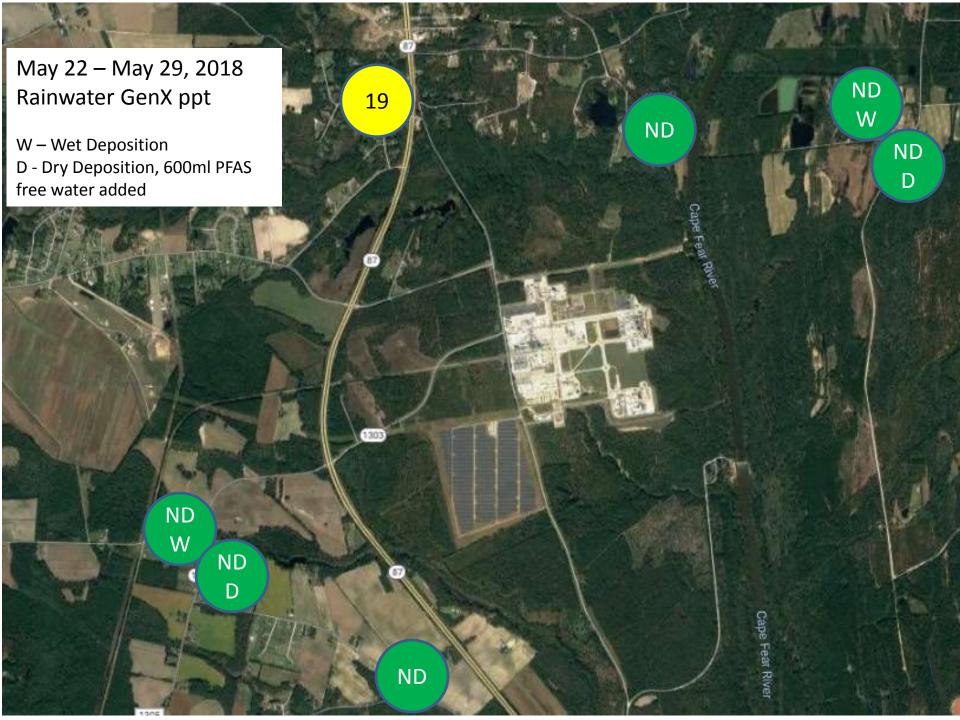


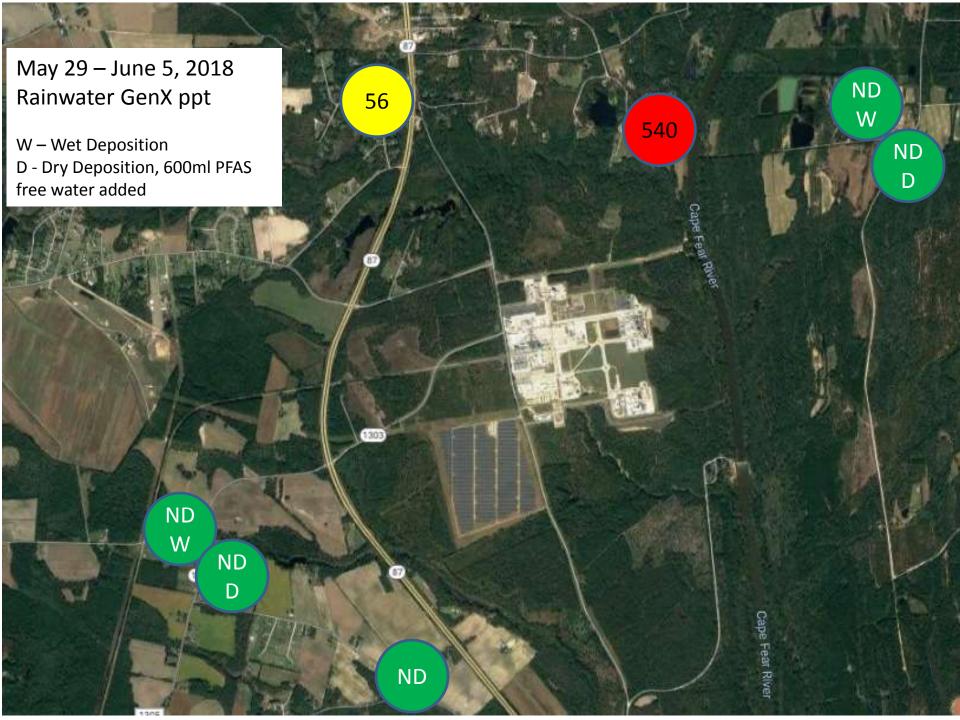


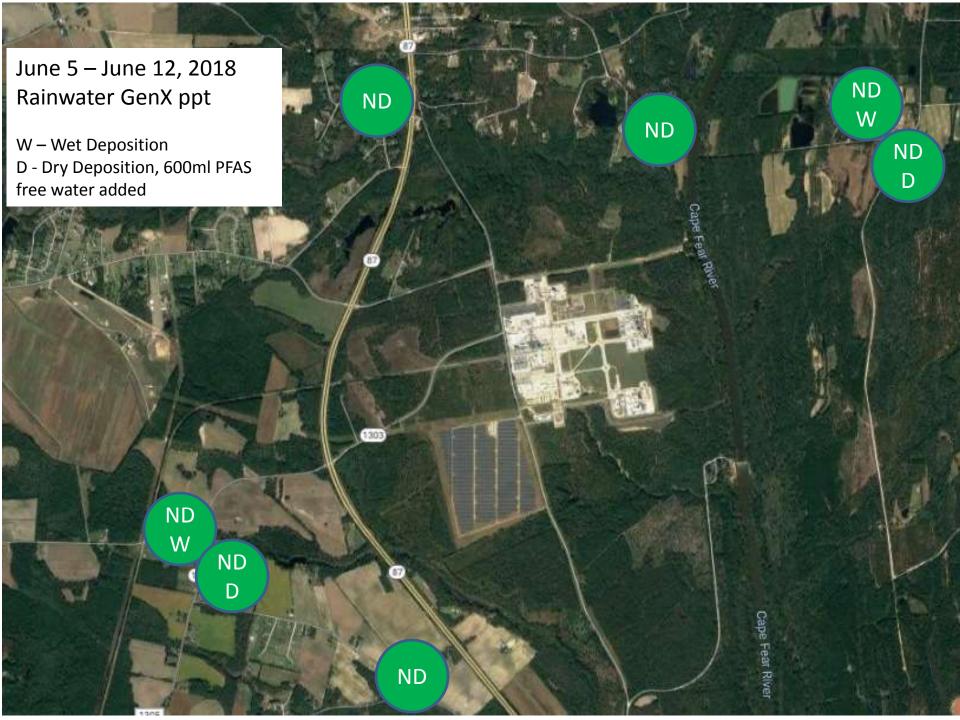












Future:

- Control technologies. Move quickly.
 - How can we eliminate or significantly reduce the compounds of concern?
 - Understanding secondary impacts of adding air pollution controls to reduce PFAS.
 - Solid waste generated?
 - Waste water generated?
 - Secondary air pollutants generate
- Method development other PFAS
- Learning from others States and Countries
- Atmospheric fate?



DAQ's investigation involving GenX and other PFAS from Chemours

Summary of facts:

- The measured air emissions of GenX compounds are significantly higher than previously understood and reported.
- DAQ has measured GenX deposition through rainfall 20 miles from the facility.
- The evidence of atmospheric deposition of GenX shows a geographic footprint that is similar to the detection of GenX in groundwater samples.



DAQ's investigation involving GenX and other PFAS from Chemours

- Health impacts what are the inhalation risks?
 - North Carolina Secretaries' Science Advisory Board (DEQ & DHHS)
- Controls what's technically feasible?
 - Carbon Adsorber trial approved



April 6, 2018:

- 60 day notice of intent to modify Chemours' air permit:
 - Requires demonstration that emissions of GenX compounds do not or will not cause or contribute to violations of groundwater rules.

The science and data collected to date informed this action.



April 9, 2018:

 Amended complaint and motion for preliminary injunctive relief.

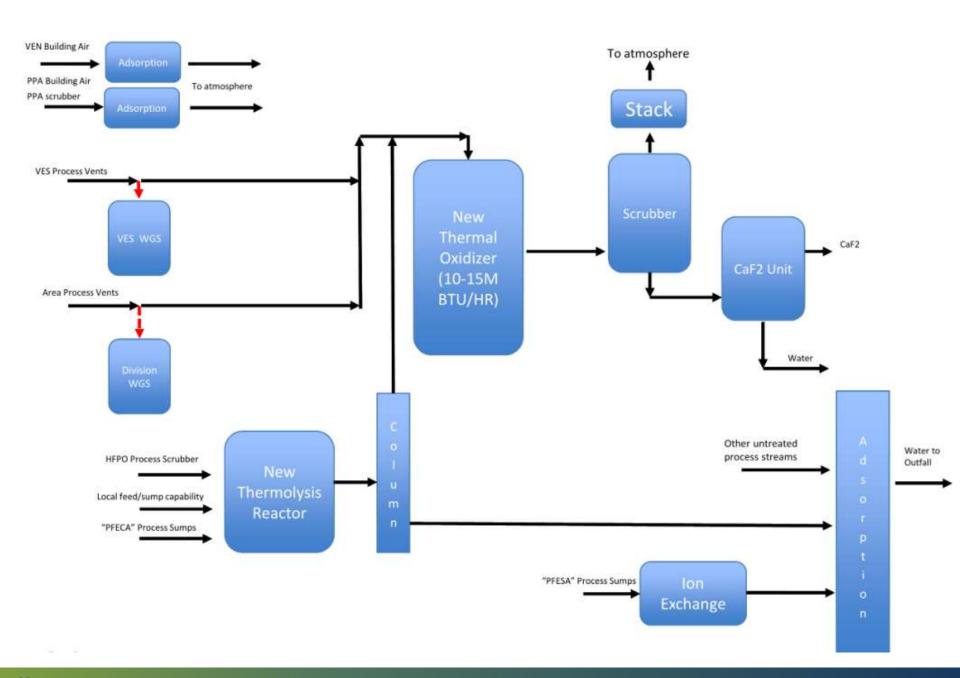
 Addresses the air emissions contributions to the groundwater violations.



April 27, 2018:

- Chemours response to 60 day notice
 - Chemours committed to:
 - Install & operate a Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer by 2020
 - Expected 99% reduction of GenX emissions





GenX - Recent Actions





June 11, 2018:

- DEQ proposed a court order to require reductions of air emissions due to groundwater impacts
- 30 day comment period ends 7/11/18
- Reduce facility-wide air emissions of GenX compounds by at least 97% by August 31, 2018 with a 99% reduction by December 31, 2019

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